

09/09/20

[L70], [Bom98, 4A], [PS83]

- Our goal classify irred. adn. repn of  $GL_2 F$ .
- $F$  narc. local field.

[PS83] work with  $F$  finite field.

Nota.

- $B_F = GL_2(F)$
  - $D_F = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$
  - $B_F = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & * \end{pmatrix} \right\}$
  - $N_F = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & * \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$
- $F \cong N_F \quad x \mapsto n_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Nota. • let  $X \in \text{Top}$ ,  $V \in \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}}$ .

$\text{Map}(X, V)$  the set of  $V$ -val. fns.

$C^\infty(X, V)$   $\text{Map}^\infty(X, V)$  = smooth = loc. con.

$S(X, V)$   $\text{Map}_c^\infty(X, V)$  = smooth + cptly supported.

Strategy: [PS83, 13]

1) Use general methods, fr repns of  $D_F$ .

2)  $D_F \twoheadrightarrow B_F$ .  $\text{Ind}_{D_F}^{B_F} \rho \leftrightarrow$  Find ir. rep. of  $B_F$  in

3) find ad repns not constructed via this method.

C. Supercuspidal rep'ns.

Today: •  $\{ \text{Whittaker models} \} \leftrightarrow \{ \text{Ind}_{N_F}^{B_F} \rho \}$

- Uniqueness of Whittaker & Kirillov. } [S, God]
- Connect on their relation

## I. Recall'n of Kirillov models

Def'n: A Kirillov model is rep'n of  $G_F$  on subspace of  $\text{Map}(F^\times, \mathbb{C})$  s.t. its restr'n  $P_F \hookrightarrow \mathcal{O}_F^\times$  is iso to.

$$(\xi_\psi, \text{Map}(F^\times, \mathbb{C}))$$

[JL, 2.9.1] Rep'n  $(\xi_\psi, \text{Map}_{\mathbb{C}}^\infty(F^\times, \mathbb{C}))$  is irreducible the action is given by

$$(\xi_\psi \left( \begin{smallmatrix} a & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{smallmatrix} \right) f)(v) = \underbrace{\psi(vx)}_{\text{fixed add. chr of } F} f(va)$$

Thm  $(\pi, V)$  is irr. inf. adun. rep'n. of  $G_F$ .

Then  $\pi$  has a **unique** Kirillov model.

PF sketch:

- $V'$  as a subspace of  $\text{Map}(F^\times, X)$
- $X$  is 1-d.
- $X = V/V_0$

What is  $X$ ?

• Can define (twisted) Jacquet functor.

i)  $\psi$  is add. char on  $F$

ii) Can regard  $\mathbb{C}$  as a  $N_F$ -module  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \psi_0(x)$

Def'n:  $J_\psi: \text{Mod}_{N_F} \xrightarrow{\leftarrow} \text{Mod}_{\mathbb{C}} \quad V \mapsto V \otimes_{N_F} \mathbb{C} :=: J_\psi V$  Jacquet module.

•  $\eta: V \rightarrow V \otimes_{N_F} \mathbb{C}$  in  $\text{Mod}_{\mathbb{C}} = \text{Vect}_{\mathbb{C}}$ .

Can describe the kernel of  $\eta$  by [Serre 4.4.1]

- $(\pi, V)$  irr. nf. adan.  $\mathfrak{g}_F$ .

## I. Whittaker functionals.

Def. A whitt. fun on  $V$ , s.t.

$$L \left( \pi \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot v \right) \right) = \psi(x) L v.$$

$\uparrow$   
 NF

Def. Define a subspace of  $\text{Map}(\mathfrak{g}_F, \mathbb{C})$

$$\omega(\psi) := \left\{ W \mid W \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot g \right) = \psi(x) W(g) \right\}$$

- $\omega(\psi)$  regard as  $\mathfrak{g}_F$  module by right regular action  $\rho$ .  
 $(\rho(L) W)(g) = W(g h)$

Def. A Whittaker model of  $\pi$  is a submodule of  $\omega(\psi)$  iso. to  $(\pi, V)$ .

- $(\pi, V)$  these are all true

- $\int \psi V$  is fd.
- $V$  has a unique Knillow model  $\subseteq \text{Map}(F^X, \mathbb{C})$
- $V$  has " Whittaker model.  $\subseteq \text{Map}(\mathfrak{g}_F, \mathbb{C})$ .

- I'll assume Knillow model  $\exists$ .

- Whitt fun dan 1  $\Rightarrow$  uniqueness of each of these model.

Def: A mult. fnl on  $V$ , s.t.

$$L(\pi \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot v) = \psi(x) L v.$$

## II Properties of Whitt. fnl.

Prop<sup>n</sup>: 1) The space of Whitt is 1d.

2) Let  $(\pi, V)$  be in Kirillov form.  
The Whitt'ns are precisely of the form,  
 $L\phi = \lambda\phi(1)$

Pf. Step 1 Setup.

- $V$  in Kirillov form  $V \subseteq \text{Map}(F^x, \mathbb{C})$
- $L$  be our whitt'nr fnl. WTS:  $L\phi \Rightarrow \phi(1)$ .

Step 2. Use twist + Schwartz Space.  $= \text{Map}_{\mathbb{C}}^{\infty}(F^x, \mathbb{C}) \subseteq V$ .

Step 2a: recall [2.13.3, JL]  $n_x := \begin{pmatrix} 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

- $L$  is a lmo fnd on  $\text{Map}_{\mathbb{C}}^{\infty}(F^x, \mathbb{C})$ ,  $L(n_x \cdot \phi) = \psi(x) L\phi$ ,  
thru  $L\phi = \lambda\phi(1)$ .

Step 2b twist:  $\forall \phi \in V \subseteq \text{Map}(F^x, \mathbb{C})$

- $\phi(a) = 0 \quad \forall |a| > 0$ . 1.1 is the abs. value on loc. field  $F$ .
- $g \in N_F^*$   $\phi - g \cdot \phi \in \text{Map}_{\mathbb{C}}^{\infty}(F^x, \mathbb{C})$ .

Step 2c: Let  $\phi \in V$ ,  $\psi x \neq 1$ . (i'll omit the  $\pi$ ,  $g\phi$ ,  $\pi g \cdot \phi$ )

$$\begin{aligned} L\phi &= L(\phi - n_x \phi) + L(n_x \phi) \\ &= \lambda(\phi - n_x \phi)(1) + \psi x L\phi \end{aligned}$$

\* + lemma 2a      whitt.

$$\phi = (\phi - n_x \phi) + n_x \phi.$$

$\uparrow$   
 $\text{Map}_{\mathbb{C}}^{\infty}(F^x, \mathbb{C})$

Hence,  $(1 - \psi x) L\phi = \lambda(1 - \psi(x)) \phi(1)$ .

Since  $\psi x \neq 1 \Rightarrow L\phi = \lambda\phi(1)$ .

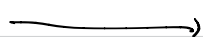
Make this precise next time.

$$\{\text{Kirillov models}\} \leftrightarrow \left\{ \text{with } \frac{1}{V} \text{ fcts} \right\} \leftrightarrow \{\text{with models}\}.$$

$$L\psi \mapsto \{W_v: Wg = L\psi(gv), v \in V\} \\ \subseteq \text{Map}(B_{T_1}, \mathbb{C}).$$

$$V \xrightarrow{\text{bij}} \phi \mapsto \phi(i) \\ \phi \in V.$$

Kir Mod.



With Model

$$V' \subseteq \text{Map}(T_1, \mathbb{C}) \\ \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{Kir} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{Mod} \end{matrix}$$

$\phi$



$$W_\phi: g \mapsto (g \cdot \phi)(1).$$

$$NF = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & * \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}.$$